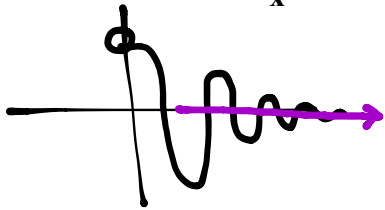


## 2.2: Limits Involving Infinity

<p>Horizontal Asymptote:</p> $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} f(x) = \pm a$	<p>Vertical Asymptote:</p> $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm a} f(x) = \pm\infty$
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Example 1: Finding a Limit as x Approaches Infinity

a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 0$



b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x + \sin x}{x} = \frac{3x}{x} + \frac{\sin x}{x}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x}{x} + \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 3 + \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x}$$

$$= 3 + 0 = \boxed{3}$$

Example 2: Find the vertical or horizontal asymptotes of each function.

a)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2}$

H.A.:  $y = 0$

V.A.:  $x = -2$

b)  $g(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 11}{x^2 + 9}$

H.A.:  $y = 2$

V.A.: NONE

c)  $h(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{x^2 + 5x - 6} = \frac{(x+3)(x-1)}{(x+6)(x-1)}$

H.A.:  $y = 1$

V.A.:  $x = -6$

★ Hole at  $x = 1$  ★

Example 3: Finding End Behavior Models

Find the end behavior for

a)  $f(x) = \frac{3x^4 + x^3 - 5x^2 + 4}{2x^2 - 3x + 5}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^4}{2x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2}{2} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{3x^4}{2x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{3x^2}{2} = \infty$$

b)  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 4x + 3}{5x^2 + 8}$

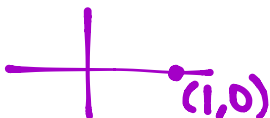
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2}{5x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{5} = \boxed{\frac{2}{5}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x^2}{5x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

Example 4: Using Substitution.

a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0$

$$\sin(0) = \boxed{0}$$



b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(2 + \frac{5}{x}\right)$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 2 + \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5}{x}$$

$$2 + 0 = \boxed{2}$$